



**Harvest-Monrovia
Water, Sewer & Fire
Protection Authority**

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

The Authority is pleased to report to each customer that the **DRINKING WATER IS SAFE!!** This report is delivered to you each year to provide information about the quality of water the Authority provides to the customers. This information is for testing conducted from January 1 to December 31, 2018. It is our goal to provide clean, safe drinking water to each of you throughout the year. Our staff strives each day to accomplish this goal.

In September of 2018 Harvest-Monrovia received the Best Operated Plant Award for the Burwell Water Treatment Plant and the Distribution System received the three year award for the Best Operated Distribution System for 15,001 to 25,000 meters at the annual AWPCA conference. You can see from these awards the Authority is striving to be the best we can be and to provide the service each customer deserves.

Our water source is groundwater drawn from eight wells throughout the system. The Tuscumbia-Fort Payne Aquifer system supplies water to our eight wells. Water from four of our wells is treated at the ten million gallons a day water plant. Water from three other sites is treated at the four million gallons a day Membrane Plant and one well is treated at the well site. The Authority has established a Source Water Protection Plan that has been approved by ADEM. Information on potential contaminant sources has been defined and is available at the office. The major sources of potential contamination are existing wells, agricultural run-off and septic tanks.

The source of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and radioactive material and it can pick up substances from the presence of animal or human activity.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. People who are immuno-compromised such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, HIV/AIDS positive or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Harvest-Monrovia Water, Sewer and Fire Protection Authority is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in drinking water, testing methods and steps you can take to minimize exposure are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

It is our goal to

provide clean, safe

drinking water

to each of you

throughout the year

and to our children in

the future.

The Authority routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to EPA and ADEM regulations. The following Table of Contaminants shows the contaminant tested for and the Detected Contaminant results of our monitoring period from January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018. Based on a study conducted by ADEM with the approval of the EPA a statewide waiver for the monitoring of asbestos and dioxin was issued. Thus, monitoring for any of these contaminants was not required. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It is important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily pose a health risk.

The following terms will be needed to help understand the table.

- **Non-Detects (ND)** – Laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.
- **Parts per million (ppm)** – One part per million is equal to one minute in two years.
- **Parts per billion (ppb)** – One part per billion is equal to one minute in 2,000 years.
- **Parts per trillion (ppt)** – One part per trillion is equal to one minute in 2,000,000 years.
- **Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)** – Measure of radiation in the water.
- **Millirems per year (mrem/yr)** – Measure of radiation absorbed by the body.
- **Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)** – Measure of water clarity.

- **Action Level (AL)** – The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeds, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
- **Treatment Technique (TT)** – A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in the water.
- **Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** – Highest level of a contaminant allowed in the drinking water.
- **Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** – Level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there are no known or expected health risks.
- **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
- **Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
- **Monitor for Unregulated Contaminants (MON)** – Monitoring only required. No limits have been approved for these contaminants.

2018 Test Results – Primary and Detected Contaminants

| CONTAMINANT | VIOLATION YES/NO | LEVEL DETECTED | RANGE | MCL GOAL | MCL | LIKELY SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------|----------|-----|--------------------------------|
|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------|----------|-----|--------------------------------|

Microbiological Contaminants

| | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------|------------|-----|---------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Total Coliform Bacteria (2018) | N | <1% monthly samples | N/A | 0 | <5% monthly samples | Naturally present in the environment |
| Fecal Coliform and E. Coli (2018) | N | 0 | N/A | 0 | 0 | Human and animal fecal waste |
| Turbidity (NTU) (2018) | N | 0.1 | 0.01 - 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | Reporting by plant on filtered water |

Radioactive Contaminants

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---|-------|-----|---|----|-----------------------------|
| Alpha emitters (pCi/L) (2014) | N | 2.04 | N/A | 0 | 15 | Erosion of natural deposits |
| Radium 228 (pCi/L) (2014) | N | 0.337 | N/A | 0 | 5 | Erosion of natural deposits |

| CONTAMINANT | VIOLATION YES/NO | LEVEL DETECTED | RANGE | MCL GOAL | MCL | LIKELY SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------|----------|-----|--------------------------------|
|-------------|------------------|----------------|-------|----------|-----|--------------------------------|

Inorganic Contaminants

| | | | | | | |
|--|---|--------|---------------|-----|--------|---|
| Antimony (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 6 | 6 | Discharge from petroleum refineries |
| Arsenic (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 10 | Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass/electronics production waste |
| Barium (ppm) (2016) | N | 0.0186 | .0165 - .0186 | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling waste; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| Beryllium (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 4 | 4 | Discharge of metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries |
| Cadmium (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 5 | 5 | Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; waste from batteries |
| Chromium (ppb) (2016) | N | 1.005 | ND - 1.005 | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| Copper (ppm) (2016) | N | 0.773 | 0.124 - 0.881 | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| Cyanide (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 200 | 200 | Discharge from steel and metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories |
| Fluoride (ppm) (2018) | N | 1.1 | ND - 1.1 | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories |
| Lead (ppb) (2016) | N | 1.9 | ND - 7.7 | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits |
| Mercury (inorganic) (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 2 | 2 | Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from landfills and cropland |
| Nitrate (as Nitrogen) (ppm) (2018) | N | 3.05 | 2.81 - 3.05 | 10 | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| Nitrite (as Nitrogen) (ppm) (2018) | N | ND | N/A | 1 | 1 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| Total Nitrate and Nitrite (ppm) (2018) | N | 3.05 | 2.81 - 3.05 | 10 | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| Nickel (ppm) (2016) | N | 0.0056 | .0008 - .0056 | 0.1 | 0.1 | Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines |
| Selenium (ppb) (2016) | N | 0.691 | ND - .0691 | 50 | 50 | Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines |
| Thallium (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0.5 | 2 | Leaching from ore-processing sites; discharge from electronic, glass, and drug factories |

Synthetic Organic Contaminants

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------|-----------|-----|-----|---|
| 1,2-Dibromoethane (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 5 | Discharge from petroleum refineries |
| 2,4,5-TP (Silvex) (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 50 | 50 | Residue from banned herbicide |
| 2,4-D (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 70 | 70 | Runoff from herbicide used on row crops |
| Acrylamide (2008) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | TT | Added to water during sewage/wastewater treatment |
| Alachlor (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 2 | Herbicide runoff |
| Atrazine (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 3 | 3 | Runoff from herbicide used on row crops |
| Benzo(a)pyrene (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 200 | Leaching from linings of water storage tanks and distribution lines |
| bis[2-Ethylhexyl]adipate (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 400 | 400 | Discharge from chemical factories |
| bis[2-Ethylhexyl]phthalate (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 6 | Discharge from rubber chemical factories |
| Carbofuran (ppb) (2016) | N | 0.532 | ND - .532 | 40 | 40 | Leaching of soil fumigant used on rice and alfalfa |
| Chlordane (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 2 | Residue of banned termiticide |
| Dalapon (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 200 | 200 | Runoff from herbicides used on rights of way |
| Dinoseb (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 7 | 7 | Runoff from herbicides used on soybeans |
| Diquat (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 20 | 20 | Runoff from herbicide use |
| Endothal (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 100 | 100 | Runoff from herbicide use |
| Endrin (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 2 | 2 | Residue from banned insecticide |
| Glyphosphate (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 700 | 700 | Runoff from herbicide use |
| Heptachlor (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 400 | Residue of banned termiticide |
| Heptachlor Epoxide (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 200 | Breakdown of heptachlor |

| CONTAMINANT | VIOLATION YES/NO | LEVEL DETECTED | RANGE | MCL GOAL | MCL | LIKELY SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION |
|--|------------------|----------------|-----------|----------|-----|---|
| Hexachlorobenzene (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 1 | Discharge from metal refineries |
| Hexachlorocyclopentadiene (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 50 | 50 | Discharge from chemical factories |
| Lindane (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 200 | 200 | Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on cattle, lumber, gardens |
| Methoxychlor (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 40 | 40 | Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on fruits, vegetables, alfalfa, livestock |
| Oxamyl[Vydate] (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 200 | 200 | Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on apples, potatoes and tomatoes |
| PCBs[Polychlorinated biphenyls] (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 500 | Runoff from landfills; discharge of waste chemicals |
| Pentachlorophenol (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 1 | Discharge from wood preserving factories |
| Picloram (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 500 | 500 | Herbicide runoff |
| Simazine (ppb) (2016) | N | 0.06 | ND - 0.06 | 4 | 4 | Herbicide runoff |
| Toxaphene (ppb) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 3 | Runoff/leaching from insecticide used on cotton and cattle |

Volatile Organic Contaminants

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|------|-------------------|-----------|--------|---|
| 1,1-Dichloroethylene (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 7 | 7 | Discharge from industrial chemical factories |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 200 | 200 | Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 3 | 5 | Discharge from industrial chemical factories |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 5 | Discharge from industrial chemical factories |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 5 | Discharge from industrial chemical factories |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 70 | 70 | Discharge from textile finishing factories |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 75 | 75 | Discharge from industrial chemical factories |
| Benzene (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 5 | Discharge from factories; leaching from gas storage tanks and landfills |
| Carbon Tetrachloride (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 5 | Discharge from chemical plants and other industrial activities |
| Chlorobenzene (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 100 | 100 | Discharge from chemical and agricultural chemical factories |
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 70 | 70 | Discharge from industrial chemical factories |
| Dibromochloropropane (nanograms/l) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 200 | Runoff/leaching from soil fumigant |
| Ethylbenzene (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 700 | 700 | Discharge from petroleum refineries |
| Styrene (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 100 | 100 | Discharge from rubber and plastics factories; leaching from landfills |
| Tetrachloroethylene (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 5 | Leaching from PVC pipes; discharge from factories and dry cleaners |
| Toluene (ppm) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 1 | 1 | Discharge from petroleum refineries |
| TOC (ppm) (2018) | N | 1.3 | RAA 1.1 ND 1.3 | RAA < 2.0 | TT | Naturally present in the environment |
| TTHM (Total Trihalomethanes) (ppb) (2018) | N | 7.3 | 1.2 - 7.3 | N/A | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| Vinyl Chloride (ppb) (2017) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 2 | Leaching from PVC piping; discharge from plastics factories |
| Xylenes (ppm) (2014) | N | ND | N/A | 10 | 10 | Discharge from petroleum refineries and chemical factories |
| Chlorine (ppm) (2018) | N | 2.1 | 1.0 - 2.1 | MRDLG=4 | MRDL=4 | Water additive used to control microbes |
| HAA5 (Halo acetic acids) (ppb) (2018) | N | 6.46 | ND - 6.460 | N/A | 60 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |

Non-Compliance Microbiological (LT2ESWTR)

| | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|------|------------|-----|-----|-----------------------------|
| Cryptosporidium (Oocysts/L) (2017) | N | 0 | N/A | 0 | TT | Wildlife and/or human waste |
| E.Coli (#/100ml) (2017) | N | 0 | N/A | 0 | TT | Wildlife and/or human waste |
| Giardia (Cysts/L) (2017) | N | 0 | N/A | 0 | TT | Wildlife and/or human waste |
| Turbidity (Raw) (NTU) (2018) | N | 7.52 | .01 - 7.52 | N/A | N/A | Soil runoff |

| CONTAMINANT | VIOLATION YES/NO | LEVEL DETECTED | RANGE | MCL GOAL | MCL | LIKELY SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION |
|---|------------------|----------------|---------------|----------|------|--|
| Secondary Drinking Water Standards | | | | | | |
| Aluminum (mg/L) (2016) | N | ND | N/A | 0 | 0.2 | By-product of drinking water |
| Calcium (mg/L) (2016) | N | 34.7 | 6.12 - 34.7 | 0 | MON | Natural mineral |
| Sodium (mg/L) (2016) | N | 6.55 | 3.38 - 6.55 | 0 | MON | Natural mineral |
| Carbon Dioxide (mg/L) (2018) | N | 88 | 28 - 88 | 0 | MON | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| pH (2018) (su) | N | 7.7 | 6.62 - 7.7 | 0 | MON | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| TDS (mg/L) (2016) | N | 133 | 24 - 133 | 0 | 500 | Natural mineral |
| Total Hardness (mg/L) (2016) | N | 105 | 21.1 - 105 | 0 | MON | Natural mineral |
| Total Alkalinity (mg/L) (2018) | N | 142 | 80 - 142 | 0 | MON | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| Chloride (mg/L) (2016) | N | 7.48 | 5.54 - 7.48 | 0 | 250 | Natural mineral |
| Magnesium (mg/L) (2016) | N | 4.91 | 1.68 - 4.91 | 0 | MON | Natural mineral |
| Color (Units) (2018) | N | ND | NA | 0 | 15 | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| Sulfate (mg/L) (2016) | N | 2.24 | 0.319 - 2.24 | 0 | 500 | Natural mineral |
| Iron (mg/L) (2018) | N | 0.05 | ND - 0.05 | 0 | 0.3 | Natural mineral |
| Manganese (mg/L) (2018) | N | 0.04 | ND - .04 | 0 | 0.05 | By-product of drinking water |
| Specific Conductance (ppb) (2016) (umhos@25C) | N | 239.6 | 80.7 - 239.6 | 0 | MON | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| Silver (mg/L) (2016) | N | 0.0007 | ND - .0007 | 0 | 0.1 | By-product of drinking water |
| Zinc (ppm) (2016) | N | 0.0472 | .003 - .00472 | 0 | 5 | Naturally occurring in the environment |

Table of Detected Contaminants

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------|--|
| Total Coliform Bacteria (2018) | N | <1% monthly samples | N/A | 0 | <5% monthly samples | Naturally present in the environment |
| Turbidity (NTU) (2018) | N | 0.1 | 0.01 - 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 | Reporting by plant on filtered water |
| Alpha emitters (pCi/L) (2014) | N | 2.04 | N/A | 0 | 15 | Erosion of natural deposits |
| Radium 288 (pCi/L) (2014) | N | .337 | N/A | 0 | 5 | Erosion of natural deposits |
| Barium (ppm) (2016) | | 0.0186 | .0165 - .0186 | 2 | 2 | Discharge of drilling waste; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits |
| Chromium (ppb) (2016) | N | 1.005 | ND - 1.005 | 100 | 100 | Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits |
| Copper (ppm) (2016) | N | 0.773 | .0124 - .881 | 1.3 | AL=1.3 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |
| Fluoride (ppm) (2018) | N | 1.1 | ND - 1.1 | 4 | 4 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminium factories |
| Lead (ppb) (2016) | N | 1.9 | ND - 7.7 | 0 | AL=15 | Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits |
| Nitrate (as Nitrogen) (ppm) (2018) | N | 3.05 | 2.81 - 3.05 | 10 | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| Total Nitrate and Nitrite (ppm) (2018) | N | 3.05 | 2.81 - 3.05 | 10 | 10 | Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks; sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| Nickel (ppm) (2016) | N | 0.0056 | .0008 - .0056 | 0.1 | 0.1 | Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines |
| Selenium (ppb) (2016) | N | 0.691 | ND - .0691 | 50 | 50 | Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines |
| Carbofuran (ppb) (2016) | N | 0.532 | ND - .532 | 40 | 40 | Leaching of soil fumigant used on rice and alfalfa |
| Simazine (ppb) (2016) | N | 0.06 | ND - .06 | 4 | 4 | Herbicide runoff |
| TTHM (Total Trihalomethanes) (ppb) (2018) | N | 7.3 | RAA 3.200 1.2 - 7.3 | N/A | 80 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| Chlorine (ppm) (2018) | N | 2.1 | 1.1 - 2.1 | MRDLG=4 | MRDL=4 | Water additive used to control microbes |
| HAA5 (Halo acetic acids) (ppb) (2018) | N | 6.46 | RAA 1.700 ND - 6.460 | N/A | 60 | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| Calcium (mg/L) (2016) | N | 34.7 | 6.12 - 34.7 | 0 | MON | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| Sodium (mg/L) (2016) | N | 6.55 | 3.38 - 6.55 | 0 | MON | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| Carbon Dioxide (mg/L) (2018) | N | 88 | 28 - 88 | 0 | MON | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| pH (su) (2018) | N | 7.7 | 6.62 - 7.7 | 0 | MON | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| TDS (mg/L) (2016) | N | 133 | 24 - 133 | 0 | 500 | Natural mineral |
| Total Hardness (mg/L) (2016) | N | 105 | 21.1 - 105 | 0 | MON | Natural mineral |
| Total Alkalinity (mg/L) (2018) | N | 142 | 80 - 142 | 0 | MON | Natural mineral |
| Chloride (mg/L) (2016) | N | 7.48 | 5.54 - 7.48 | 0 | 250 | Natural mineral |
| TOC (ppm) (2018) | N | 1.3 | RAA 1.1 ND - 1.3 | RAA < 2.0 | TT | Naturally present in the environment |
| Magnesium (mg/L) (2016) | N | 4.91 | 1.68 - 4.91 | 0 | MON | Natural mineral |
| Sulfate (mg/L) (2016) | N | 2.24 | 0.319 - 2.24 | 0 | 500 | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| Iron (mg/L) (2018) | N | 0.05 | ND - 0.05 | 0 | 0.3 | Natural mineral |
| Manganese (mg/L) (2018) | N | 0.04 | ND - .04 | 0 | 0.05 | By-product of drinking water |
| Specific Conductance (2016) (umhos@25C) | N | 239.6 | 80.7 - 239.6 | 0 | MON | Naturally occurring in the environment |
| Silver (mg/L) (2016) | N | 0.0007 | ND - .0007 | 0 | 0.1 | By-product of drinking water |
| Zinc (ppm) (2016) | N | 0.0472 | 0.003 - 0.0472 | 0 | 5 | Naturally occurring in the environment |

Unregulated Contaminants

| CONTAMINANT | MCLG | MCL | LEVEL DETECTED | YEAR |
|----------------------------------|------|-----|----------------|------|
| cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2014 |
| Methyl t-butyl ether (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2014 |
| Tetrachloroethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2014 |
| Chromium (total) (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.7 | 2015 |
| Strontium (ppb) | 0 | MON | 48 | 2015 |
| Vanadium (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.2 | 2015 |
| Chlorate (ppb) | 0 | MON | 190 | 2015 |
| Chromium 6 (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.65 | 2015 |
| Acifluorfen (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Dicamba (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Aldrin (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Butachlor (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Dieldrin (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Propachlor (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| 3-hydroxycarbofuran (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Aldicarb (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Aldicarb sulfone (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Aldicarb sulfoxide (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Carbaryl (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Methomyl (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Methylene blue active substances | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| Metolachlor (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2016 |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,1,2,2,-Tetrachloroethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,1-Dichloropropane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Bromobenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Bromochloromethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Bromomethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Chloroethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Chloromethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Dibromomethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Hexachlorobutadiene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Isopropylbenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Methylene chloride (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Naphthalene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| n-Butylbenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| n-Propylbenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| sec-Butylbenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| tert-Butylbenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| trans-1,3-Dichloropropene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Trichloroethene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Trichlorofluoromethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,2-Dichlorobenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 2-Chlorotoluene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 4-Chlorotoluene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| 4-Isopropyltoluene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| cis-1,3-Dichloropropene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| chlorodibromomethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| ortho-Xylene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |

Unregulated Contaminants (CONTINUED)

| CONTAMINANT | MCLG | MCL | LEVEL DETECTED | YEAR |
|--------------------------------|------|-----|----------------|------|
| p.m-Xylene (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2017 |
| Bromodichloroacetic acid (ppm) | 0 | MON | 0.831 | 2018 |
| Chlorodibromoacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.437 | 2018 |
| Tribromoacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Bromide (ppb) | 0 | MON | 23.3 | 2018 |
| Bromodichloromethane (ppm) | 0 | MON | 0.0018 | 2018 |
| Bromoform (ppm) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Chloroform (ppm) | 0 | MON | 0.0081 | 2018 |
| Dibromochloromethane (ppm) | 0 | MON | 0.0006 | 2018 |
| Trichloroacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 1.47 | 2018 |
| Bromochloroacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 1.35 | 2018 |
| Dibromoacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.71 | 2018 |
| Dichloroacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 4.28 | 2018 |
| Monobromoacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.785 | 2018 |
| Monochloroacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |

Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring 4 (UCMR4) 2018

| CONTAMINANT | MCLG | MCL | LEVEL DETECTED | YEAR |
|-----------------------------------|------|-----|----------------|------|
| Germanium (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Manganese (ppb) | 0 | MON | 8.75 | 2018 |
| Alpha-hexachlorocyclohexane (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Chlorpyrifos (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Dimethipin (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Ethoprop (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Oxyfluorfen (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Profenofos (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Tebuconazole (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Permethrin, cis- & trans- (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Tribufos (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Butylated hydroxyanisole (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| o-toluidine (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| Quinoline (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.0467 | 2018 |
| 1-Butanol (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| 2-Methoxyethanol (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |
| 2-Propen-1-ol (ppb) | 0 | MON | ND | 2018 |

Detected Unregulated Contaminants

| CONTAMINANT | MCLG | MCL | LEVEL DETECTED | YEAR |
|--------------------------------|------|-----|----------------|------|
| Chromium (total) (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.7 | 2015 |
| Strontium (ppb) | 0 | MON | 48 | 2015 |
| Vanadium (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.2 | 2015 |
| Chlorate (ppb) | 0 | MON | 190 | 2015 |
| Chromium 6 (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.65 | 2015 |
| Chlorodibromomethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.478 | 2017 |
| Bromodichloromethane (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.0018 | 2018 |
| Chloroform (ppm) | 0 | MON | 0.0081 | 2018 |
| Dibromochloromethane (ppm) | 0 | MON | 0.0006 | 2018 |
| Trichloroacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 1.47 | 2018 |
| Bromochloroacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 1.35 | 2018 |
| Dibromoacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.71 | 2018 |
| Dichloroacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 4.28 | 2018 |
| Monobromoacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.785 | 2018 |
| Bromide (ppb) | 0 | MON | 23.3 | 2018 |
| Bromodichloroacetic acid (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.831 | 2018 |
| Chlorodibromoacetic acid | 0 | MON | 0.437 | 2018 |
| Manganese (ppb) | 0 | MON | 8.75 | 2018 |
| Quinoline (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.0467 | 2018 |
| Manganese (ppb) | 0 | MON | 8.75 | 2018 |
| Quinoline (ppb) | 0 | MON | 0.0467 | 2018 |

**Harvest-Monrovia
Water, Sewer and Fire Protection
Authority, Inc.**

P.O. Box 329 • Harvest, Alabama 35749

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Permit #4

As you can see from this table our system had no violations. Your drinking water meets or exceeds all EPA and ADEM requirements. We have learned through our testing that some constituents have been detected. The EPA has determined that your water is **SAFE** at these levels.

All drinking water, including bottled water, may be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulates established limits for contaminants in bottled water.

You will be able to determine from this report that water produced by the Authority meets all Federal (EPA) and state (ADEM) drinking water standards. The Authority had **NO VIOLATIONS** this past year. If you have any questions about this report or concerns about the Authority, please contact Mike Oliver at 256-837-1132. If you want to attend, the monthly Board Meetings are held each second Tuesday of the month at 1:30 at our office at 9131 Wall-Triana Hwy, Harvest, AL. The current Board Members are Roy McCrary, Chairman; Frank Turner, Vice Chairman; and Tracy Brewer, Secretary.

The EPA has

determined that your

water is SAFE.
